Introduction to SEWA

1. Organizing
   Collective organized strength to actively participate in the planning, implementation and monitoring processes.

2. Capacity Building
   To stand from in the market ie access to information, education, infrastructure, access to technology and relevant skills.

3. Social Security
   We need social security – at least healthcare, childcare & shelter to combat the risk faced by us and our families

4. Financial Support
   To plan Capital formation at the household level and creating assets of our own.

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Street Vendors
Home based Worker
(Readymade Garments & Incense Stick roller)
Labour & Service Providers
(Construction Workers Waste recyclers)
Small and marginal famers

Working since 1972

Home based Worker
(Readymade Garments & Incense Stick roller)
Labour & Service Providers
(Construction Workers Waste recyclers)
Small and marginal famers
• 1% population earns through waste recycling.

• Most of the waste recyclers are women, self-employed, and belong to the scheduled castes.

• Waste recyclers pick all kinds of waste, segregate this waste and sell it to scrap shop owners.

• Waste recycler women, through their efforts to recycle, reuse and reduce, contribute substantially to mitigate the adverse effects of climate change and saving our environment.

• SEWA has been closely working with the waste recyclers and cleaners in Ahmedabad. Today, SEWA has collectivized these workers and 37,500 women are members of SEWA. It is noteworthy that a large segment of waste-recyclers are women, who face social and financial oppression. This makes them really vulnerable and invisible. SEWA has undertaken consistent efforts to bring about change in the social as well as economic status of these women by providing opportunities for decent working conditions and full employment.
The life of a Waste recyclers

They begin to scour the streets and waste dumpsters for recyclables and walk km to collect.

They sort the recyclables by category like paper and cardboard, plastics, glass and other items.

They sell the sorted goods to waste scrap shop owners and earn Rs.50 to 60/day.
Highlighted are the reasons observed in the monthly Trade Committee meetings of the waste recyclers at SEWA:

- Undue deduction in the weight
- Exploitation by scrap owners
- Cheating in terms of weight and rate
- Don’t have enough knowledge about the market rates
- Pre setting in weighing scale
- Eliminating head loaders
  And introducing mechanise transport

Reason behind the idea of Scrap Shop
SEWA’s efforts are concentrated to organize the traditional waste recyclers of the city such that they gain work security, income security as well as social security. Consequently, cooperatives have been established to collectively provide work to these traditional waste recyclers for their complete development.
To address the issues of waste recycle members, Sewa did a waste supply chain study and identified that there is a huge market in the solid waste management and the waste recyclers are the last bottom in the supply chain. The traders are purchasing the waste from the waste recyclers in the low rates and sell further with the high margins in the factories and major waste traders.

The survey has been conducted to identify the stages within the supply chain and the value addition at each stage with corresponding expenses.

It was identify that the quality and the quantity plays a major role in the supply chain. We can work on the volume of the waste materials and send as it with the higher price. The second option is to increase the quality of the waste by effective segregation and the value addition in the chain.
The collection center is one of the initiative taken by SEWA in June 2022. The waste recyclers members walk for more than 10 kms, working for 10 hours a day for less than the bare minimum wages. First collection center started in Memco area. The collection center aims to address the issues of the members and take them forward to fair wages as well as regularity of the work. The Collection center will be owned and managed by the waste recyclers of this area.

- **Best price for every waste material-**
  - **Fair and transparent rates** to the members

- Regular payment to the member helps them to plan accordingly and gave them the power of decision making

- **Proper weighing system**

- **Owner and Manager of the Green livelihood System**

- **Work collectively** encourage efficiency, creativity and productivity

MRF and the Collection center being the one of the many ways adopted by SEWA under the Sewa Umbrella for women by building upon their collective power for poverty alleviation and improve their livelihood along with professional integration.
It is not possible to have scrap shops in different areas of Ahmedabad. Sewa decided to purchase a vehicle and do a mobile collection from different areas. We purchase two vehicles and rented out a space of 4000 sq. km in Memco area called aggregation center to store the waste materials to work on the quantity. We started to reach out traders. Different traders have different demands in waste materials. We still sale to the traders and not able to sale it to the recyclers as they are asking for the minimum of 10 tonnes of each waste material.

Members collect the waste from offices, roads, commercial complexes and segregate it in different types

Sewa mobile collection vehicle purchase the waste with appropriate rates from members

Collected waste bring to the aggregation center and further segregate as per the trader requirement.

Segregated waste sale to the traders (still sale to the middle man).
**Mezzanine Conveyor**
Conveyor belts are used for sorting waste materials in different categories.

**Floor Conveyor**

**Twin Box Baler**
It is use for compressing scrap material and waste material to create dense blocks.

**Jip crane**
It will use to load the bailed material in the truck.

**Electric Scrubber Dryer**
It is use for cleaning to agitate the dirt away from the floor.

**Pallet truck**
It will use to move and lift the bailed items.
The Value Creation Centre (VCC) serves as a centralised hub for sorting and bailing process of the recyclable waste materials such as paper, and different type of plastic. Currently on an average 2 to 2.5 Ton of waste arrives at VCC and around 1 to 1.2 Ton of waste is processed daily. The primary objective is to enable steady livelihood for waste recycler members and promoting the principles of circular economy. Secondly VCC solved the problem of the quality and the quantity for the supply chain. We are now able to work on the volume of the waste materials and send as it with the higher price to recyclers directly.
SEWA hand holds women members in the communities to build and manage their own organizations, by organizing them into groups, co-operative & federations the members **develop collective bargaining power, create the alternate source of employment** and **strengthen their economic** activities based on their local skill and resources.

**Gitanjali** is a women owned enterprises initiated by SEWA which can leads our members towards sustainability and economic Independence.

Gitanjali is a cooperative of the **Poor and vulnerable traditional waste recyclers** formed with the aim **to provide them better and dignified livelihood opportunities**. The cooperative hand holds the members to build up their capabilities to become owners and managers of the cooperative. As well as contribute to the Environment at large.
Full Employment
Work and Income
Security with regular
Work

Increased Voice and Visibility
and collective bargaining for
Validation.

Developed Technical skills

Self Reliance

Empowered and improved
livelihood opportunities with
increase in the incomes
collective strength and
increased bargaining power

Increased sense of
ownership

Responsible recycling to
minimize and eventually
eliminate landfill dump

Just Transition
collectively
Women empowerment follows work and income security. They are the decision makers.

Behavioral Change of their social environment. Their work is looked upon and they hold good place in their society and community

Self Reliance
Women have learnt to save, invest as well as educate their children. They have repaired their houses, taken insurance for themselves as well as their families and have also invested in various essential equipment in their houses like gas stove.

Sense of Ownership
they become the owners & managers and decision makers of their enterprise collectively.

Sense of Dignity and Self identity
Capacity building and trainings symbolizes our livelihood security, our future and above all our very survival. This is second freedom for us - a march toward our second freedom ie freedom from poverty and unemployment.

Thank you